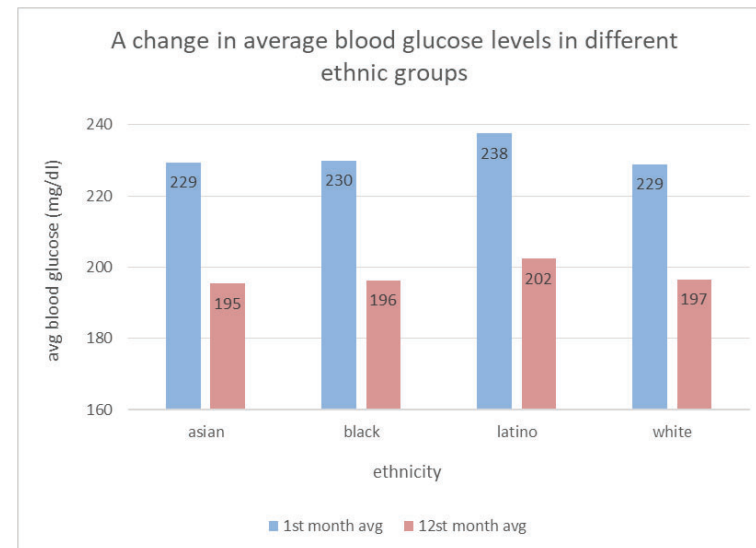
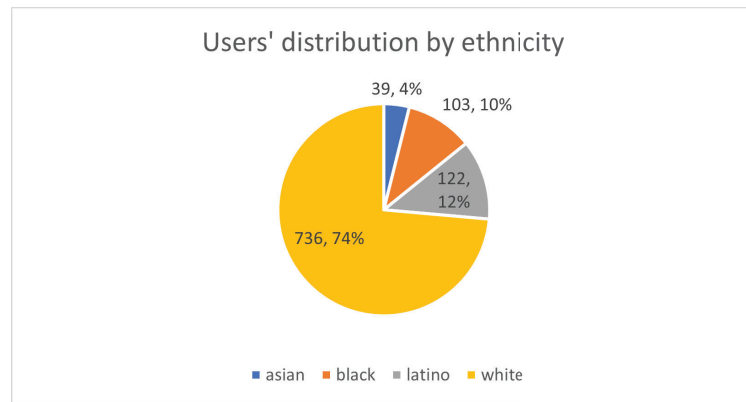


## ADA 2022 72LB

### Blood glucose levels in high-risk type 2 diabetes users of a digital therapeutic platform by race/ethnicity



#### Results:

- A group of 1000 users was analyzed, male 483 (48%) and female 517 (52%). The users' distribution by ethnicity is presented in Figure 1.
- Average blood glucose was significantly reduced in all users and per ethnic group over a year: All users by 14% ( $230 \pm 58$  vs.  $197 \pm 47$ ) ( $p < 0.001$ ); White by 14% ( $229 \pm 58$  vs.  $197 \pm 47$ ) ( $p < 0.001$ ); Latino by 15% ( $238 \pm 59$  vs.  $202 \pm 48$ ) ( $p < 0.001$ ); Black by 15% ( $230 \pm 63$  vs.  $196 \pm 48$ ) ( $p < 0.001$ ) and Asian by 15% ( $229 \pm 55$  vs.  $195 \pm 43$ ) ( $p < 0.005$ ) (Figure 2).
- No difference between the groups was found at 12<sup>th</sup> month ( $P = 0.751$ ).